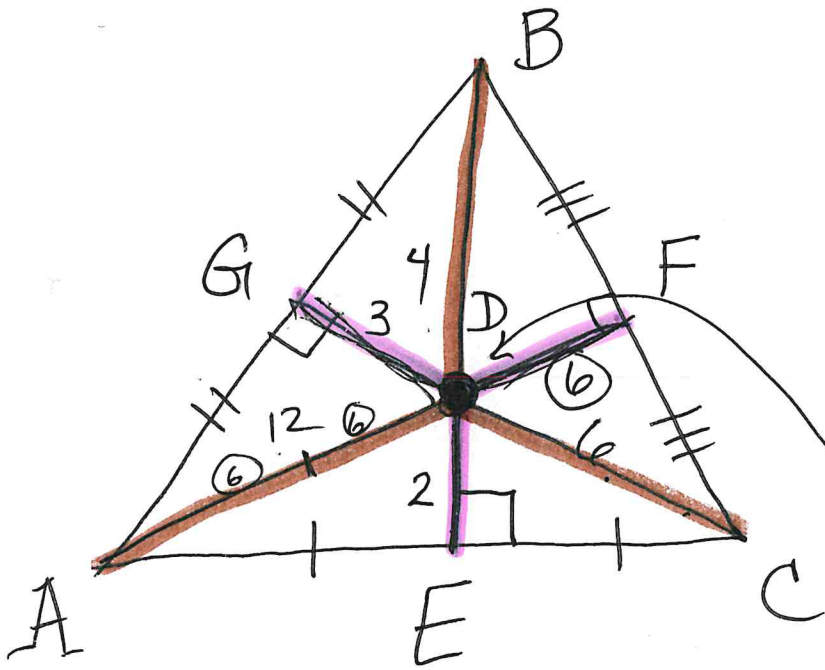


10/29

Lesson 29/30

Special Lines in  $\Delta$ 's



Perpendicular bisector

Point of concurrency  
Circumcenter

$\overline{DE} = 2$   
then  $\overline{BD} = 4$

$\overline{DF} = 6$   
 $\overline{AD} = 12$

$\overline{DC} = 6$   
 $\overline{DG} = 3$

$90^\circ$   
\* Short part side is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of long side part

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

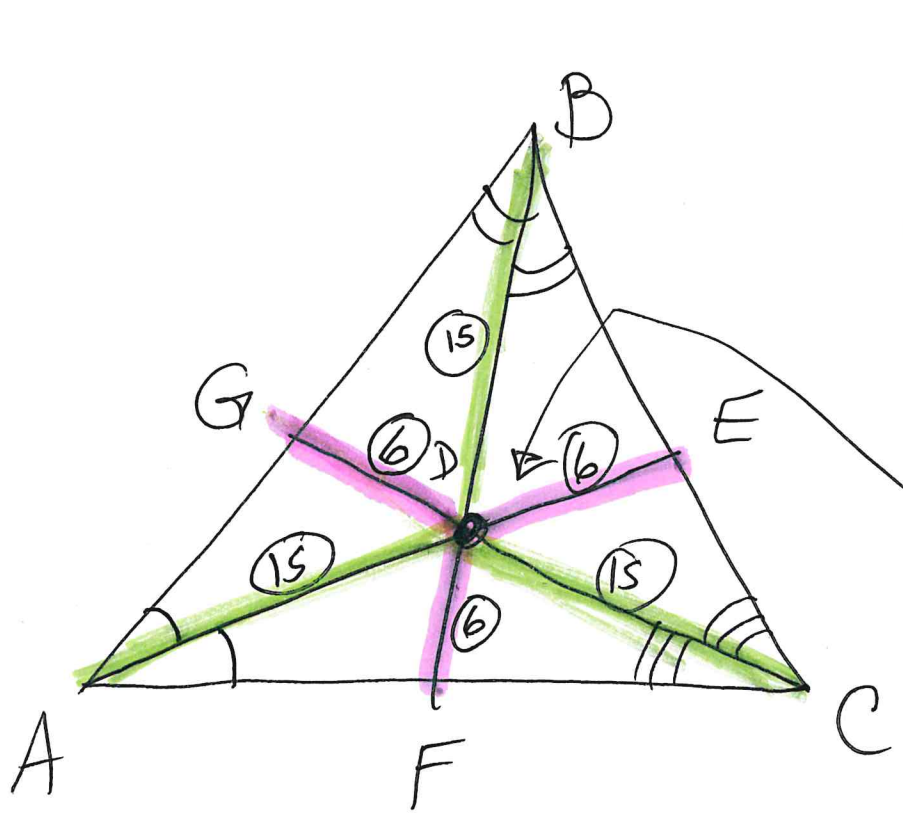
$$3^2 + b^2 = 12^2$$

$$9 + b^2 = 144$$

$$\underline{-9}$$

$$\sqrt{b^2} = \sqrt{135}$$

$$b =$$



Angle Bisector  
 (cut two  $\cong$  parts)  
 point of concurrency  
Incenter

$$\overline{GD} \cong \overline{DE} \cong \overline{DF}$$

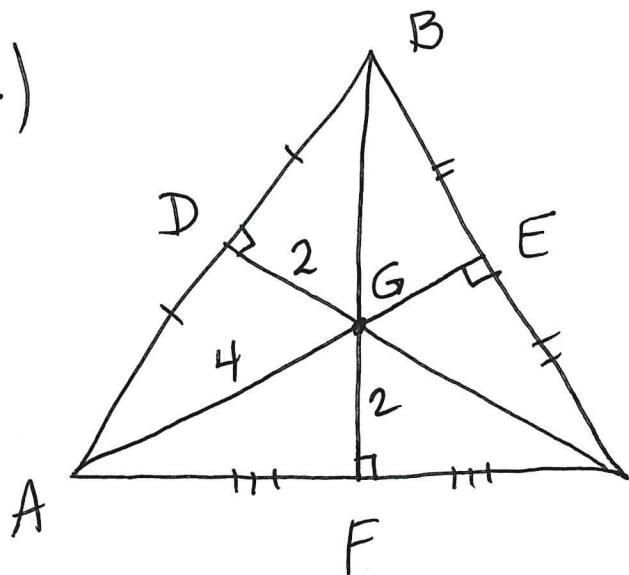
$$(6 \cong 6 \cong 6)$$

$$\overline{BD} \cong \overline{AD} \cong \overline{DC}$$

$$(15 \cong 15 \cong 15)$$

Lesson 29/30: HWK: pg. 173 #1, 2

1.)



Given  $\triangleright \overline{DG} = 2$

$\overline{AG} = 4$

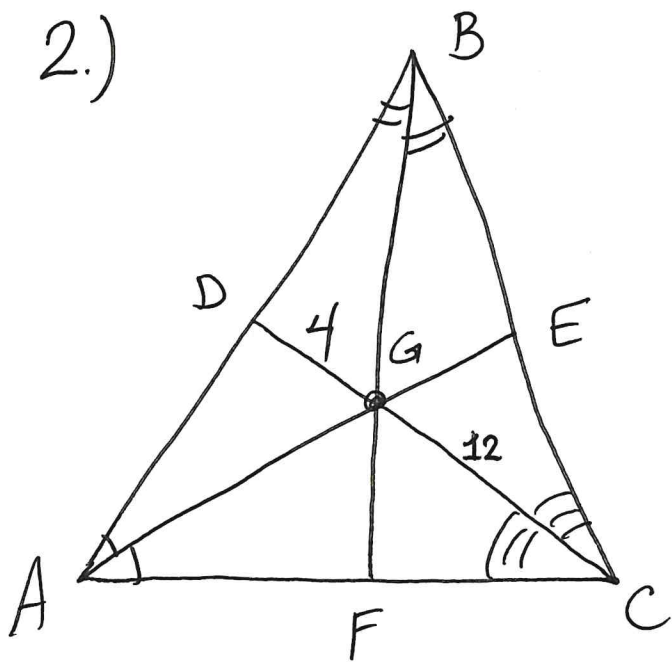
$\overline{FG} = 2$

Find  $\triangleright \overline{BG} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overline{GE} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overline{GC} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2.)



Given  $\triangleright \overline{DG} = \underline{4}$

Find  $\triangleright \overline{GC} = \underline{12}$

$\overline{FG} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overline{GE} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overline{BG} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\overline{AG} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Happy Halloween!